## ABVECT:REMENTS KENEWAD KVEKY SAT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PAIR FOR THE BENEVIT OF THE COLORED Orphan Asylum will be opened this day, at 12 o'clock, in the room under the Bryan Gallery, tecently occupied by sattler's Commercia, Broadway, corner of Thirteenth street, and will continue three days and evenings, its ruesday, Wednesday, and Thursday. A large number of shildren from the Asylum will be present on Wednesday vening. Admission 12% cents. Children half price.

AN APJOURNED MEETING OF THE PRIENDS OF the late James McGrath. Police Justice, will be held this (Thursday) evening, the 35th instant, to make a final re-turn of the meneys collected for the benefit of his widow, set the lay Green, in Elm street, between Franklin and Leon-ard streets.

IMPORTANT MEETING —THE SOCIETY OF LIQUOR dealers call a public meeting at Tammany Hall, on Frisky evening, April 27, at to 'clock, to express their sentiments, and adopt a system of action in relation to the tyrannical law recently enacted by hypocrites, fanatics and traitors, to take effect on the Fourth of July, and thus insolently preclaim the iron rule of fanatical despotism on the anniversary of American liberty. Bally for your rights and the honor of your country. By order of JOHN M. HAYWARD, President.

N. R. BUNCE, Vice President.

G. S. Page. Secretary.

MESSRS. HAYES. HINCKS, CARRY & CO., LEGAL Mand general reporters and short hand writers, are prepared to execute all orders with which they may be favored in the most correct and expeditions manner. Notes of evidence supplied the morning after selag reported. Office 16 and 17 Franklin building, 195 Broadway.

NOTICE.—IHERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE Liquor Dealers' Association of the Twelfth ward, on Thursday evening, at the house of Mr Edmind Jones, Clare mont, which you are respectfully invited to attend. By or-der of THOMAS T. JACKSON, Chairman.

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of thisteen directors, will be neld at the office of the company, No. 1 Centre street, on Tuesday, May 16, 1855. Poll will commence at 12 o'clock noon, and close at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed on Tuesday, May 10, 1855, at 30 clock P. M., and open Wednesday, May 16, 1855, at 10 o'clock A. W. H. EMERSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ACCESSORY TRANSIT COMpany, New York, April 20, 1835.—Notice is hereby given to the stockholders in this company, that an election of the Company, No. 5 Bowling Green, from 12 o'clock noon, and it avoices to the Montay will be held at the office of the Company, No. 5 Bowling Green, from 12 o'clock noon, and it avoices to the Montay will do losed on noon the company of the Montay will do losed on noon the company of the Com

OPPICE OF THE NEW YORK GAS LIGHT COMPANY, April 9, 1855.—The President and Directors have this day declared a dividend of five per cent on the capital stock of this company for the six months ending its February last, psyable to the stockolders on and after Tuesday, lat May mext. The transfer hook will be closed from the 25th inst. to that date. By order.

C. L. EVERITT, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC TRUST INSURANCE Company, New York, April 25, 1805.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of this Company, held this day, John D. Jones, Esq., was unanimously elected president, in place of the late Walter R. Jones, Esq., deceased. W. TOWNSEND JONES, Secretary.

PECIAL NOTICE—DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 140 I. O. of O. F.—There will be a public lecture delivered before Diamond Lodge, No. 161 I. O. of O. F. at their rooms ("Antique") Odd Fellows Hall, corner of Grand and Centre sta., on Friday evening, April 27, at 8 o'clock. Members of the order and the public in general are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the Lodge.

STEPHEN H. VANDERHOEF, Sevretary.

SPECIAL NOTICE.-O. U. A.-THE MEMBERS OF Henry Clay Chapter, No. 61, O. U. A., are hereby no-tified that very important business will come before the Chapter at their meeting this evening. A full attendance is requested.

THE REPUBLICAN FRIENDS OF IRELAND COM-mittee, who made arrangements for the dianer which took place on the 17th March, 1883, are requested to meet at Tammany Hotel, on Thursday, 26th inst, at half past 7 P. M., for the transaction of pressing and important business. THE MEMBERS OF PALESTINE ENCAMPMENT NO

## REWARDS.

\$50 REWARD.—LOST. ON MONDAY, APRIL 23, between Elizabetheown and Jersey City, a roll of bills containing \$170. Wherever will return the money will receive the above reward, and the thanked the owner. Apply at 183 Prince street, or at 183 Greanwich avenue.

\$\frac{4.5}{2.5}\$ REWARD,—LOST, ON MONDAY, APRIL 24, IN \$\frac{4.5}{2.5}\$ coming from Philadelphia, by the Camden and Ambedy 2 o'clock line, a buckkin pure, with steel clasps, containing a diamond ring (the atone loose) and \$150 in gold. The index will receive the above reward by returning the purse and contents to A. Bininger, 92 Liberty street.

\$25 REWARD —LOST, FROM A COACH, A RUSSET by valiso, marked L. C., in going from pier No. 4, through West street to the Battery, Broadway to Washington place. To be left at 10 Battery place, for Mr. Brown. \$20 REWARD.—LOST, AT THE FURNITURE SALE at 25 Wooster street, on Tuesday, April 24, a steel bound portmonnais, containing five \$20 bills, and \$20 in small notes, together with papers, &c., of no use to any one but the owner. The above reward will be paid to finder, at 157 West Iwenty-sixth street.

10 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM THE OFFICE OF C. J. Coutan, No. 1 leason street, room No. 1, sundry papers, (in two pecketbooks and coat pockets,) of no value to any case but the owner. Whoever will cause the same to be returned to said office, will receive the above reward, and no questions asked.

\$10 REWARD—LOST, SUPPOSED IN BROADWAY small sum of money in gold, and a ministure. The find will be rewarded as above on leaving them at 116 William street, with E. D. Ewon.

REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR THE RETURN QU of a French poolle dog to the Dey Street House. H is perfectly black, wears a brass color, and has been re-cently shorn from his shoulders back. Apply at the office of Dey Street House, 54, 56 and 58 Dey street.

\$5 REWARD.—LOST, IN FRONT OF 27 BEERMAN street, on Wednesday, 25th inst., a silver hunting watch, nearly new, having an eagle on the ease. Any person finding said watch and returning it to Martin & Johnson, 7 Beekman, will receive the above reward

FOUND-A POCKETBOOK, WITH A SUM OF MONEY, The owner can have the same at the tea warchouse of John Watson, 377 Bowery, by proving the contents, and paying for this advertisement.

POUND—A LADY'S PORTE MONNAIE. THE OWNER oas have it by applying to omnibus 342. Fifth avenue and Fulton street line, and proving property. Please call at 58 Brondway, up astairs, and pay for this advertisement.

FOUND-IN JERSEY CITY, ON THE 1STH OF THIS month, a large black Newfoundland dog, with white test and breast. The owner may have him by paying a suitable reward, and calling in the grocery store covaer of washington and Esses stroets, Jersey City. Duffues. OST-ON THE 28D INST., A SET OF POINT LACE yord each. A suitable reward will be paid on its delivery at No. 3 Washington square.

T OST-ON SUNDAY EVENING LAST, 22D INSTANT, TOST-ON SUNDAY EVENING LAST, 22D INSTANT, J between 6 and 7 o'clock, on the Fifth avenue, between Forty-second arrest, a double-cased gold patent lever watch, No. 4.445, maker's name Luke Pealington, Liverpool. The watch was attached to a piece of black watered silk ribben, with a gold key and dog's head at one end. Any party who may have found the above, and will return it to the office of Wolff, Selxas & Co., 48 South street, or to 302 East Twelfth street, shall receive a suitable reward. Jewellers and pawnbrakers are requested to take notice of the foregoing advertisement, and retain the watch if offered them for sale, &c.

LOST - ASMALL ROLL OF BANK BILLS OF THE NEW.

L burg, Poughkeepsis, and other banks (\$2 and \$3,) jon the
34th day of April instant, in passing from John street,
through Dut's street, Fulton to Broadway, Park row and
Chatham street to Duame. A liberal reward will be paid to by returning the same to WM. E. SEWALL, 52 John street.

OST, OR TAKEN IN MISTAKE-FROM NEW HA

TOST-BETWEEN SPRING AND BROOME STREETS, it is of the nese. The owner's name is on the collar; he an ewers to the name of Hosey. Apply at the Herald office, or at Cowen's stables, Mercer street. A suitable reward will be given.

OST-ON THURSDAY EVENING, COMING PROW the cereer of Breadway and Ninth street, up the Fifth avenue to Thirte-mith etreet, a black thread lace vell. The under will be amply rewarded by leaving it at 64 Fifth

LOST-ON THE EVENING OF 19TH INST., A BLACE lace voil, on Broadway, near Astor place. A liberal reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at 752 Broadway. LOST-ON THE NIGHT OF 21TH INST., IN GRAND the finder will receive a reward of \$5 by returning it to No. 103 Norfolk street.

LOST- A SMALL ROUGH TERRIER SLUT FROM 21

NOTICE TO PAWNBROKERS, &C.—STOP A GOLD lopine watch, with gold disl and gold cap, No 4,913, with lady's gold chain attached, stolen from prenises of Wm. Hart, 87 syenne A, 24th April, 1855, together with a lady's black cilk dress and cape.

FINE ARTS.

OLD ENGRAVINGS OR BOOKS BOUGHT.—WILL dive for them just whatever they are worth. Engravings, good and had, fine and course, line and lithograph landers, and figures, small scraps and old books and novels drays on hand and for sale cheap, at 580 Broadway, above Prince street.

OLD BOOKS AND ENGRAVINGS BOUGHT-IN ANY quantity, at the old curiosity shop, 107 Navan atreet, where the bighest cash price will be given for them. I have always on hand a large assortment of books and grints, for sale cheep. JOHN FUNE, 107 Navaga superi, at

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

AFFAIRS IN THE CRIMEA WITHOUT CHANGE

The Probable Failure of the Vienna Conference.

Most Extraordinary Manifesto from Louis Napoleon.

Answer to the Famous Pamphlet on the Crimean Expedition.

ANOTHER ENGLISH LOAN

Fall of One per Cent in Consols.

Steamer North Carolina Foundered off Holyhead

COSTINUED ACTIVITY IN COTTON,

THY THE HOUSE PRINTING TELEGRAPH LINE, 21 WALL STREET, HALIFAX, April 25, 1855. The Cunard mail steamship Africa, Capt. Harrison, arrived at this port last night, en route for Boston, where

The Africa left Liverpool on the 14th instant, and brings the news of her own arrival out there on Satur The Africa passed, April 14, American ships Middleses

and Ariel; 17th, passed a brig with Bremen colors, lat 5049, lon. 1939, bound East; 18th, passed R. M. steamer Asia, lat. 50, lon. 2740, from Boston; also, ship Con-The St. Louis sailed from Southampton for New York

early on the morning of the 12th, having been detained hours at Havre, on account of the 13th being holiday.

The latest dates from Sebastopol are to the 6th of April, and although skirmishes were still constantly taking place, the condition of affairs had unfergone n change of moment.

at Eupatoria and the death of Omer Pacha.

The Vienna Conference reassembled on the 8th, but without any result. No instructions had arrived from St. Petersburg. It was not known when another meet ing would take place. Further complications in regard to the attitude of Prussia are reported.

The most extraordinary piece of intelligence by the

relative to the Crimean expedition, which is evidently a reply to the famous pamphlet which was attributed to the pen of Prince Napoleon, the Emperor's cousin. Our despatch says:—
The Paris Moniteur contains a remarkable document

in which the military conduct of the allied governmen since the opening of the war is explained. It also pro mises that the various phases, motives and objects of the negotiations shall be made known. The document occupies five columns. It states that the plan of the

FIRST-To march and meet the Russians on the Balkans. SECOND—To seize the Crimes. THIRD-To land at Odessa, or some other point on the

Russian coast of the Black Sea, but not to proceed fur-ther on the Danube, unless Austria joined the alliance Gallipoli was first occupied with an intention to check the advance of the Russians to Constantinople, but the retreat of the Russians from Silistria rendered the fur-The allies could not have operated in Researable withou the aid of Austria, and not to remain inactive the expe

dit'on against Sebastopol was undertaken.

The remainder of the document is occupied with point ng out the immense difficulties of the siege and exho norating Napoleon, who planned the campaign. It also contains a copy of Marshal St. Aroaud's private instructions. The document has excited much interest at home and abroad, and is regarded as an apology for

The American steamer North Carolina came in collision

In the Liverpool cotton market the activity which has prevailed of late still continued, although at the close the market had ascumed a rather duller tone, without towever, reducing the quotations. The week's business

In breadstuffs the demand had been quite limited, exepting for Indian corn, which continued in good request or Ireland. Prices of all descriptions were somewhat

easier, though not quotably lower.
In provisions generally a fair business had been done The I ondon money market was rather easier, and con-

sols had declined to 913/2.

The packet ship Nonparell arrived at Liverpool on the lith, in fourteen days from Philadelphia.

the 8th inst. The ship Robert, bound to New Orleans, had put back

to Liverpool in a damaged condition, having come in collision off Holyhead with the steamer North Carolina, from Philadelphia for Liverpool. The steamer sunk is about ten minutes, but no lives were lost.

Wind S. E., with very heavy rain.

## THE EUROPEAN WAR.

THE VIENNA CONFERENCE.

The ninth conference was held at Vienna on the after noon of the 8th, and lasted but one hour. The Russian pleripotentiaries had not received their instructions Prouyn de L'Huys and Ali Pacha were present. Nothin is it known when the next meeting will be held.

It is rumored that the Western plenipotentiaries are about to quit Vienna. This, however, is considered doubtful. Everything at present seems at a stand still. what nature is not stated. It is said that Ali Pacha' instructions are to assent to the joint protectorate that the Sultan's sovereignty was not re-established

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE CRIMEA.

Nothing important had been received from Sebastopo up to April 8th. The position of both armies was unshanged. Night skirmishes on a small scale continued The weather was fine and dry. An armistice of three hours had been allowed to bury the dead. The allie report themselves ready to open a general bombardmen

The Russians have constructed two new batteries and have converted the ambuscades into an advanced paral-The French are advancing towards the Malakoff works by a serpentine sap. Omar Pasha had not march ed on the Alma as represented, but had occupied two villages half a league from Eupatoria, and had enlarged his circle of fortifications to shelter 5,000 men. The al his circle of fortifications to shelter 5,000 men. The al-lies were sending him that number as rapidly as possi-ble. Ten thousand Egyptians had sailed for Eupatoria, and the French reinforcements, and those from Sardinia, would also land there shortly.

An important statement is made, that the allies are changing their tactics in the Orimea; that they are about to fortify and hold as a material guarantee the already strong position of Kamiesch, with 20,000 men.

about to fortify and hold as a material guarantee that already strong position of Kamiesch, with 20,000 men, supported by the fleets. The embarkation of the Sardinian troops would commence from Genoa en the 15th, in the English steamers, for Constantinople, and would be re-shipped from thence for Eupatoria, to co-operate

The Russians have maintained their position on the Tchernaya, and are concentrating towards Baldar. General Canrobert's despatch estimates the loss on the night of the 22d-Russiars, 700 killed, 1,100 wounded;

The Russian ageque at Vienna report a sanguinary on

gagement on the 26th of March; but advices from the Crimea do not mention such an affair.

The Russian organs say that the women, children and sick are being sent out of Sebas oppolinto the interior of

the Crimes.

Disturbances had occurred at Krajova, from person lluminating their houses on receiving the news of

The French bired steamer Edinburg and two ships in tow, all loaded with French horses, were lost off

The Russians deny Menschikoff's death, but admit that Two bundred vessels are at Galatz, for corn. The Greek Ambassador arrived at Constantinopie or

THE BALTIC. The advanced squadron of the Baltic fleet reached Essirore on the 1st of April, and it was supposed it would anchor in Lansdona harbor until the Baltic becam-

Advices from Rostock to the 8th, say that the naviga-

tion of the Baltic would be dangerous for a week or a fortuight to come, in consequence of there being so much beary fleating ice.

A Russian despatch from Warsaw says an army of 150,000 men is concentrating in the Baltic provinces, and

that three hundred guns are affoat. Two divisions of the Russian fleet are at Cronstadt and one between Sweaborg and Reval.

day afternoon that the government bad brought out a loan. The amount and terms are unknown, but the sum is supposed to be fifteen millions sterling. Almost immediately after the announcement, the funds fell

The Times' Paris correspondent writes:-It is rumored that we are to have another levy of 100,000 men in

that we are to have another levy of 100,000 men in Frame, and that from 60,000 to 80,000 troops will be placed at the disposal of Austria, should war be the issue of the Conference at Vienna.

Napoleon and the Empress Eugenie would reach London on Monday the 16th, and stay one week with the Queen. The tone of the British public is that of extravagant adulation in regard to the event, and it is very different to that with which Napoleon was treated some years since. The official programme is as follows:—

Monday, Prince Albert goes to Dover to meet the august party. Lunches with them at the Warden Hotel. Arrives home with them at Windsor in the afternoon.

Tuesday moning the Emperor receives the Corps Diplomatique. In the evening he attends a grand entertainment.

plomatique. In the evening he attends a grand enter-tainment.

Wednesday, the Emperor will be invested with the Order of the Garter. In the evening he will attend a grand dinner and ball.

Thursday, the Emperor will visit the Crystal Palace, and in the evening attend the opera.

Friday, Napoleon will visit London to receive the city address, and afterwards dine at the Buckingham Pa-lace.

Saturday, the Emperor returns home.
The Roebuck Committee adjourned with Parliament The Roebuck Committee adjourned with Parnamena-ill the 18th inst.

The last accounts from the Northern ports of Europe show that navigation would probably be quite opened by the 20th inst.

the 20th mat.

The propriety of raising the siege of Sebastopol is freeand favorably talked of.

The court martial for the trial of the officers of the lost steam frigate Tiger was sitting.

Earl Carliste has entered on the Vice Royalty in Ireland, and was well received in Dublin.

The movement respecting the newspaper stamps is taking a direction in tayor of a half-penny postage

stamp.

The Brazil mail steamer Folent, at Southampton, reports the United States frigate Constitution at Cape de Verde, to leave April 1, ali well, for home.

Portugal.

The arrivals of Incian coin at Lisbon had dispelled the fears of Dreag ricts. The provinces were quiet.

Spain. The Spanish government has remitted to London the documents on which was demanded the recall of Lord Howken, the Fritish Mister, for his interference in religious matters. In the Cortez, the vote of confidence in the National Guard was carried, and the excitement had ceased, and Badrid was trarquit. The Government has borrowed from capitalists 40,000,000 real, at 10 per cent.

Germany.

Fiscontent exists in Hanover against the King's at tempt to restore the privilege of the nobles. Nothing from the other States.

Italy.

Bussian Count Potochi is visiting all the Italian States Russian Count Potochi is visiting all the Italian States, except Sardinia, assuring them of the friendship of Russia. He is said to have obtained assurances of neutrality from Tuscany and Naples. It is reported that the Duke D'Grammont, French Minister at Turio, will proceed to Rome to mediate in the difficulty between the Pope and Sardinia.

Napoleon had purchased estates in the Roman Territory of Civita Nova.

The Pope has had a narrow escape with his life from the accidental falling of a beam. Two cardinals were injured. Particulars not to hand.

The trial of the ex-Minister before the Supreme Court is postponed till June 4.

Russia.

St. Petersburg advices are altogether indefinite as regards politics. They, however, reiterate that Russia will not make concessions. The cholera continues its ravages in St. Petersburg—on the 29th there were 200 deaths.

The overland mail has been telegraphed. Calcutta dates to the 10th March, and Bombay to the 18th. Trade in India was dull. News unimportant. No intelligence from China.

The Latest News.

There is no news of importance. The funds closed to day as follows :- Four and a half per cents, 94 a 95; three, 69f. 85c; bank shares, 29 91f,

Commercial Affairs. LONDON MONEY MARKET. Money continued easy; prime short paper could be discounted 3% per cent. Consols had been depressed

all the week in expectation of the Government loan now asnounced, and closed at 91 1/2. Exchanges are low, and England had decreased £126,000. Bar silver, 5s 03/d.; doubloons, 74s. a 74s. 6d.; eagles, 76s. 2d. 3f. The value AMERICAN SECURITIES.

American securities are very firm. The demand for State stocks and established railways is good. Messrs. Bell & Cos. circular reports the market active

and furnishes the following quotations:—
United States bonds, '68. 107 a 108
United States inscribed stock 106 a 107
New York Fives 90
Pennsylvania Fives 82
Pennsylvania Bonds 84 a 85
Maryland Fives Bonds 92 a 93
Alabama 83 a 84
Virginia Five Bonds 87 a 88
Virginia Five Bonds 87 a 88
Virginia Fix Bonds 108 a 109
Pen nsylvania Central Ist Mortgage 881/a 89/4
Illinois Central 88 70
Miebigan Central Ist Mortgage 88 3 a 89/4
Erie 1st Mortgage 90
Panams 94 a 95
Erie 1st Mortgage 83 a 85
Erie Convertibles 79 a 81
Erie Sinking 78 a 80
LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET and furnishes the following quotations:-

inferior, 2d. a 4d. including 449,000 American.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

The market is generally quiet. Prices are unchanged in the brokers' circular says:—Wheat has been extreme', y inactive throughout the week, prices turning chear, er. In flour a moderate retail business has been dor a at previous rates. Indian corn is in fair request for /\_cland, but last week's prices are barely maintained. Messra. Brown, Shiplay & Co.'s circular reports bres \_atuffs very quiet, the market favoring buyers. West', a Canal flour 42s, for eld, and 37s. a 39s. for new; Bal'atmore and Philadelphia 47s. 6d. a 48s. for new, Ohio 45s. 6d. a 48s. Canad 40s. a 41s. for new, Ohio 45s. 6d. a 48s.; Canad 40s. a 41s. apar 28 a 41s.

White wheat 11s. 10d. a 12s. 6d.; red 10s. 6d. a 11s. 3d. Yellow corn 42s 6d. a 42s. 9d.; m xed 42s.; white 41s. 6d. a 42s. The weath er continued backward.

Als. 6d. a 42s. The weather continued backward.

LIVERPOOL PR. DUCE MARKET.

The brokers' circular report, ashes in fair demand, at 3cs. for pots, 3Ls a 3cs. for po. Vis. Bark in molerate request at 9d for Phinadelphis, 7s. 6d. for Battmore. Bothing doing in turpentine. Sale-vol tar at 13s. Small sales spirits turpentine realized 3ds. Liuseed oit in good demand at 34s. 6d. s 3ds; nothing in rape; fair demand for olive; small sales of sperm at £125 a £126. Rosin in extensive demand, and has advanced from 4s. 6d. to 4s. 7d. a 4s. 9d. for common and 8s. for fine. Clover seel in continued demand, and dearer. Bees wax is lower. There have been large arrivals of dyewoods, with an extranive husiness at a slight concession. Rise in good demand, and sales confined to East Indian. Sugar active at full prices. Coffee quiet. Ten—Congo 3s rather lower.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

R Spence & Co report—Beef in fair retail demand, with prices rather favoring purchasers. Pork quiet. Becon in steady consumptive demand: holders firm. Lard in moderate request, holders not pressing. Tallow a shilling higher, stock low.

Bigland, Athya & Co. report—Beef and pork are in rather better demand, but prices favor buyers. Bacon quiet—holders firm. Tallow in better demand—49s. 6d. a 50s. Lard—Prime in request, at 46s. a 47s.; inferior, 44s. a 40s. Speculation ceased.

LIVERPOOL FREIGHT MARKET.

Freights are unchanged and generally dull.

LONDON MARKETS.

Mesers Barings Bros. & Co.'s circular reports sugar and ceffee in good demand. Breadstuffs dull. Iron rails in fair demand, at £5 7s. 6d. a £6 12s. 6d; bars. £5 15a.; Scotch pig. 49s. 6d. Kice, quiet. Lard, firm; Western kegs, 48a. a 50s.

STATE OF TRADE IN MAKCHESTER.

The markets have been dull during the week, with less demand for yarns and goods, but prices are steady.

GLASGOW MARKETS.

GLASGOW MARKETS.

Messrs. John Athya & Co.'s circular reports no business of any moment doing.

Bess of any moment doing.

Passengers by the Africa.

Bev Mr Hoffman and lady, Rutherford and lady, Miss Fawcet, Mrs Rabes, Mrs Grund, Mr Herdman and lady, Mr Edwigsten and lady, Mr Fawcet and lady, Mr Bohisson and lady, Mr Gilmour and friend. Capt Sims, Capt Hamilton, Major Henderson, Richard Bell, bearer of despatches; Capt Pennell, Dr Haskins and lady, Mrs Turner, Mr Dallas and lady, Miss Cunningham, Mr Burns and lady, Miss Williams, Mr Parkinson, Capt Black, Capt Sparks, Messrs Tudor, Moir Gowans, Kessel, Linder, Glover, Maeteer, McDonald, Carvie, Hamilton, Archer, Heron, McCall, Sharples, Cunningham, Armstrong, Blonkensas, Krascochervill, Gaaoveau, Tingle, Stanton, Salmon, Lardour, Holenswood, Herron, Igate, Italiand, Passawant, Molean, Clark, Dempster, Baird, Briercon, Stevens, Frauchell, Arnold, Rowe, Keenan, Friendman, Cogaran, Gilbert, Ward, Stetaon, Rail, Foller, Barnes, Reed, Rowe, Grund, Emery, McDougal, Gellaty, Black, Irvine, McKenie, Norris, Cunningham, Groves, Southall, Neil, Anderson, Gordon, Hotch-Hise, Campbell and son, Davidson, Douglas, Barrow, Millan, Burke, Stewart.

Burke, Stewart.

Shipping Intelligence.

Arr from Nyck April Il Henry Reed, at Antwerp; Jonathav, and Octan Queen, at Gravesend; 12th, Farilie, at uo; Yerktown, and Uncle Toby, at Deal; Benjanin Adams, at Liverpeol.

Arr from Charleston April 9 Jeune, and Louise at Rouen; 16th, Anesto, at Antwerp; Cornelius, and Victor, at Texel; 18th, Hymen, at Liverpeol; 12th, Constantia, at Deal.

Arr from Savanuah 12th freme, at Liverpeol.

Arr from Morfolk 11th James Hay, at Cork; 12th, George Raynes, at Gravesenhab 12th arene, at Liverpeol.

Arr from Mobile 9th Sam'l Lawrence, at Havro; 12th, Golden Engle, and Charlet of Fane, at Liverpeol.

Arr from New Orienne April 10 Evangeline, James Wakefield, at Liverpeol; 52 John, at Bordeavz, 11th, J T Sestie, at Gravesenci; 12th, Cambris, Weymouth, Bosphorus, at Liverpeol.

Sid for New York 13th from Liverpeol, Cultivator, Progress, and James Bogart.

Sid for Castine 13th, Sumpter, from Liverpeol.

Sid for Philadelphia 13th Parthenia, and Surocco, from Liverpeol.

The Riot in Parkville, Missouri. THE EDITORS DRIVEN FROM THE TOWN-MOBO CRATIC MEETING - TAR AND PRATRERS THREATENED

THE EDITORS DRIVEN FROM THE TOWN—MOBOCRATIC MESTING—TAR AND FRATRERS THREATENED

-VIOLENT BESOLUTIONS.

[From the Platte Argus, Extra, 16th.]

PARKYILLE, Mo., April 14, 1855.

The spontaneous upheavings of an indignant and outraged community were manifested here to-day, in a decided manner. To tell you that the "Industrial Luminary," a newspaper owned by George Park and W. J. Patterson, in this town, is a free soil sheet, and has been aiding and abetting the Eastern abolition societies in their abortive attempt to abolitionize Kansas, for the past year, is to tell you what you already know. You are also aware that Park has a large hotel in this place, kept by a free roiler, imported frem Illinois, and devoted to the same foul purpose. It seems that certain men in the neighborhood determined to "abate the nulsance." How they managed to notify so many, and to keep it quiet, I don't understand; but about 10 o'clock this morning we were surprised to see about ten or fifteen of our most respectable country acquaintances ride into town, and go to the printing office, and put Patterson under guard. Park, it appears, had either heard of it, or his good lunk had prompted him to go to the mouth of the Blue, in Kansas Territory.

At 12 o'clock, about two hundred men had arrived. The press was very quietly taken down and paraced into the street. The crowd was called to order, and Patterson was brought forth to receive his sentence. One speater stated that they all were aware that they came there with the firm determination to black, tar and feather, and ride or a rail, G. S. Park and W. J. Patterson, but that as Park had escaped, and left his scapegoat to suffer for both, he wished the meeting to decide what should now be done with the prisoner. Ano ther speaker declared his voice was for mercy; not that he had any excuse to offer for Patterson, for he despised him as strongly as any man could; but that Patterson's wife throughout the morning had hung to him like a leech; that she now held on to him, and that we could

him as strongly as any man could; but that Patterson's wife throughout the morning had hung to him like a leech; that she now held on to him, and that we could not inflict the punishment without gross violence to her feelings, and perhaps rudeness to her person. He therefore, for the sake of the wife, moved a vote be taken to rmit the tar, feathers, &c., and set Mr. Patterson at large for the present. The vote was accordingly taken, and se mall majority went in favor of the prisoner; he was, therefore, set at large. The following resolutions were then offered, and voted on singly, and not one dissenting voice was heard on the ground. Almost every one voted in the affirmative; and they voted with a "vim," too, that showed they were in earnest.

Resolved, I. That the Parkville Industrial Luminary is a nuisance which has been endured too long, and should now be abated.

neisance which has been endured too long, and should now be abated.

2. That the editors, to wit: G. S. Park and W. J. Patterson, are traiters to the State and county in which they live, and should be dealt with as such.

3. That we meet here again, on this day three weeks, and if we find G. S. Park or W. J. Patterson in this town them, or at any subsequent time, we will throw them into the Missouri river, and it they go to Kansas to roside, we pidege our honor as men to fellow and hang them wherever we can take them.

4. That at the suggestion of our Parkville friends, we will attend to some other freecollers not far off.

5. That we will suffer no person belonging to the Northern Methodist church to preach in Platte county, after this date, under penalty of tar and feathers for the first offence, and a hemp rope for the second.

6. That we examestly call on our sister counties throughout the State to rise in their might and clean themselves of freecollism.

out the State to rise in their might and clean themselves or freescolism.

7. That our peace, our property and our safety requires us at this time to do our duty.

8. That we request every pro-elavery paper in Missouri and Kansas to publish the above resolutions.

The Press was then shouldered, with a white cap drawn over its head, and labelled "Boston Aid," the crowd following in regular order; it was marched up through town nearly to the upper landing, and there, with three hearty cheers, it was deposited in the temb of "all the Capulete," to wit: the Missouri river.

A speech was then made to the crowd, and they dispersed peaceably, each taking the road to his own home.

The Liquor Law.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.
In the Herald of this morning, I notice under the head of "Police Intelligence," that Talman & Mapes, amongst others, have been exrested for violating the city ordnance, by selling liquor on Sunday. Please correct the statement, as there is no truth in the charge. No arrests have been made. By giving the above an insertion, you will oblige

TALMAN & MAPES, proprietors Collins' Hotel.

Theatres and Exhibitions.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Friday evening, "William Tell" will be presented for the last time, when, no doubt, the attendance will be large and fashionable. Verdi's celebrated opers, entitled "ill Travatore," is in rehersal, and will shortly be produced in great splendor.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—"Coriolanus," Shakspere's historical Roman tragedy, will be played to night, for the fourth time. Messrs, Forrest, Lanergan, Hanchett, Whiting, Mme. Popisi and Mrs. Abbott in the leading characters. The scenery is now and beautiful. Secancy is now and beautiful.

Bowers Timarus.—The benealt of Mr. and Mrs. E. S.
Conner comes of to night Professor Risley, Mr. T. D. Rice
and other artists of celebrity will appear. The pieces are the
"Six Degrees of Crime," "Jumbo Jum" and the "Irish
Know Nothing." Mr. Conner will recite "Collin's Ode on
the Passions."

the Passions."

BUTTON'S THEATRE.—Shakspere's "Comedy of Errors, with Messrs. Jordan, Fishes, Burton, Hall and Mrs. Buelland in the leading parts. The comedy of "Legordemain, with a fine cast, will conclude the entertainments. To mo row evening the "Serious Family" and the "Totdles." WALLACK'S THEATRE —A new comedy, in three acts, is announced for this evaning; it is called "Rippements in 11th Life." The cart will embrace the names of nearly all of Wallsck's star company. Tas "Bold Dragoous" con-cludes the entertainments.

American Museum —The amusing comedy of "My Wife's Diny," and the "Lettery Ticket," for the after-neon; and in the swening, the romantic dram of the "Lady of the Lake," Clarke and Miss Messayer in the leading characters. Wood's 'Zinstraga -The "Rochester Knockings," the "Africanited Wandering Minstrel," with negro minstreley, for this evening. for this expening.

Buck Ary's Strewaders.—Negro minstrelsy, and the much admired burlesque of "Lucrezia Borgia," is announced for this evening.

Equipper Company appear this evening in PERHAM'S ETHIOPIAN COMPANY appear this evening in W. ashington Hall, Newark. The programme is very at

Court Calendar—This Day.
United States District Court.—Nos. 52, 68, 74, 76 to

Interesting from Venezuela.

OUR MARACAIBO CORRESPONDENCE.

MARACAIRO, March 23, 1855.

Threatened War between Venezuela and New Granada. Curious Know Nothing Party in New Granada-

Whilst you who live in the busy world are all engage with wars and rumors of wars, great political quest &c., we in these retired nooks are also engaged with our little wars, &c. Firstly, this republic is quite displan à la Menschikoff, has been sent to Bogota to make ser ral demands on the Granadians; and it is rumored that suit. The effectual putting down of the Melo party in New Granada has been very distasteful to the Caracas dictators; and as "'tis conscience that makes cowards of us all," they are afraid that with the successful example of the Granadians before them, their own subjects may pluck up spirit and tumble them down too. Indeed, had it not been for the continually expected but Monegas would have been upset long ago. Poor Paezi he has lost his prestige entirely in this country; but as it was always a false one ever since 1826, it cannot be

he has lost his prestige entirely in this ecunity; but as it was always a false one ever since 182d, it cannot be considered any great loss.

From general politics let us go to particulars. In the United States much has been written about the case of 'Native versus Foreigner,' but the subject has been discussed with certain calmness. Here, however, up to these days, the question has not been much mooted, though a most 'loving hatred' of the estrangero was well known to exist. In the United States the question has been an abstract one, without personalities; and i believe the great object there is to protect the institutions of the country from being governee, through the ballot box, by unauthorized foreign voters or influences. Here they bring up as a complaint that the foreigners will not meddle in their politics. In the United States they welcome foreigners with capital; here they complain of the foreigners bringing capital (and this from a bankrupt nation.) In the United States they recommend a prolongation of the probationary term of residence in the country previous to admitting foreigners to the rights of citizenship; here they openly advocate a general massacre of the foreigners—I presume, to prevent their having time sufficient to learn the wonderful system of government adopted by Venezuela in the nuncteenth century.

You will suppose that I am joking in this matter, but it is a sad fact. So extraordinary are the ideas of Venezuelas no of the present day, that hast month, in the city of Coro, all the foreigners were driven out, and several stores sacked—the foreigners escaping with their lives, on board vessels, which took them to Curacoa. I enclose you a public paper, issued in this city on the 19th instant, approving highly of these doings, and recommending the same steps to be taken with the Germans settled here—gentlemen who have introduced large capital into this country, and whose commercial transactions are daily and hourly benefiting the country. After recommending Congress to pass prohibitory

RED HOUSE, HARLEM.

On Tuesday afternoon, a trotting match came off between black mare Red House Belle, driven by George Cooper, and brown gelding Capt. Miller, driven by Dunn Walton. The race was mile heats, the mare to go to sulkey, and the gelding to skeleton wagon. The trotting it was impossible to say which was the fastest, notwithstanding that the mare won the money. There was quite a large attendance, although there had been no notice given; but the fact that a trot can be seen every afternoon at the Red House, gratis, calls out great numbers. The Belle of the Red House was a little the favo

rite, although all the betting was even.

A trotting match for \$1,000, two mile beats, to wa-gens, to come off on the 15th of June ensuing, has been made between bay mare lola, and brown gelding Wm. A. Browne.

News by the Mails.

A bill has been introduced in the Massachusetts House of Representatives declaring all buildings occupied for houses of ill fame, gaming, and for the illegal saie of in-toxicating liquors, common unisances, and to be re-garded and treated as such; and making the owners as well as occupants of such buildings liable in certain cases.

The manufacturing establishments of Mauchester, N. H., have commenced working under the eleven hour sys-tem. By it the number of hours, of labor is diminished without any diminution of pay. without any diminution of pay.

The Buffalo Courier says that arrangements are making for a prize fight, to come off near that city, on the Canada side, some time in May next, between two noted pugilists of New York—Johnny Mickee and Bill Blackwood. The fight is for \$300 a side, and both men are now in training for the brutal affair.

A steam fire engine is likely to be soon introduced into Pittsburg. The fire insurance companies have subscribed \$2,000 towards its purchase. Three men, named Gaskins, Kelly and Melson, were accidentally drowned in the Nansemond river, Va., a

lew days ago.

On the evening of the 11th inst., the train on the Southern Railroad consisted of 23 cars, 21 of which contained 954 paying passengers, and 25 babies to each car, or, in the aggregate, 525 babies—ail Westward bound.

Political Intelligence. The democracy of Delaware beid a meeting at Wilmington a short time sinse, at which Hon. George R. Riddle introduced resolutions denouncing the American organization, and recommending all political associations tunite in putting down the Know Nothings.

The American party of Louisians have nominated C.

The American party of Louisiana have nominated C. Derbigency for Governor, Mark Boather for Lieut, Governor, and N. J. Heard, of the second, and G. B. N. Wailes, of the third district, for Congress. The Richmend Penny Post says it has been officially informed that there are at this time seventy-two thousand members of the Know Nothing order in Virginia.

Abraham Miller, one of the oldest citizens of the Ninth ward, died on Tuesday night, at his residence, No. 569 Hudson street, from injuries received on the 23d instant, by falling down stairs. Coroner Wilhelm held an inquest upon the body the deceased, who was attacked with a fit of apoplexy on the day in question, while going up stairs, at his residence. The jury rendered a verdet of "Death by compression of the brain from internal hemorrhage, produced by injuries received by falling down stairs, at 569 Hudson street, on the 23d day of April, 1856." The deceased was sixty-three years and ten months old, and was a native of Sag Harbor, Leng Island. His death will be neenly regretted by a large circle of relatives and acquaintances.

United States District Attorney's Office. United States District Attorney

CHARGE OF MUTINY.

APRIL 25.—William Damsry and nine others were arrested for a revolt on board the ship Ontarie, on the high seas, April 12, on her last voyage from Livery and to this port. Held to answer.

WHO IS MRS. PATTERSON ?- The Bos WHO IS MRS. PATTHESON?—The Boston Transcript says that the Mrs. Patterson, who has recently been Hissed into notoriety, is the wife of a man named—singularly enough—William Patterson, now in California. The Transcript adds—Mrs. Patterson is well known in Boston, and this fact has added not a little to the excitement about the nunnery committee. The navy agent at this port received a letter by the last California mail from her busband, who is a munician in the naval service of the United States, and is now attached to the United States ship Susquehama. We have seen this letter. Mr. Pattersen states therein that he made an allotmost of five dellars a morth to his wife, but as she has not written to him for the past ten months, he supposes she has not drawn the money, and requests that it be remitted. But the money has been drawn.

mitted. But the money has been drawn.

Naval Intelligence.

DESCRIPTINE VS. RUM.—The crew of the United States store hip Supply, under Lieut. D. D. Porter, are to be shipped with the distinct agreement that no grog is to be served during the cruise. They will commute their hydronic confidence of six pence a day. Lieut, Porter feels confident, from long experience, that the absence of rum is promotive of discipline on board. The camels will coublies have a quiet passage arross the ocean in this temperance ship.—Westington Union.

Caim and Storm Stormals.—The American Code of Signals, by Henry 3. Rogers, has been adopted for the use of the navy. Copies of Rogers' book and the flags are to be distributed among vessals of the navy; and commuteing officers of the navy are instructed to embrace every opportunity to familiarize the service with the use of these signals. The Navy Department's official circular on this subject is dated 15th April, 1855.—Westington Union.

Commissioners of "Unigration.

MAYOR WOOD AND THE COMMISS, ONERS - FRAUDS ON
EMIGRAPTS BY A SO-CALLED RE- PECTABLE SHIP-

The Board met yesterday. Present -- Messrs. Ver-planck (in the chair), Carrigan, Kelley, Cra. tree, Kennedy, Purdy and Schwab.

A report was received from the Committee on . Marins Hospital, complaining that much of the coal st. Yea in that institution was stolen by outsiders, and the, ask for a new building to be erected to prevent such an occurrence in future. A resolution to advertise for est-

mates was passed.

Mr. Gustav Schwaß, from the committee of conference with the Mayor, in relation to certain suggestions hald before the Board by his Honor, presented the following

with the Mayor, in relation to certain suggestions laid before the Board by his Honor, presented the following report—
Your committee beg to report that they have had several interviews with the Mayor, at which his Honor submittee interviews with Mayor, at which his Honor submittee First. Circulars containing the law this regard to the landing of emigrants and the boarding of with regard to the landing of emigrants and the boarding of with regard to the landing of emigrants and the boarding of with regard to the landing of th

Commissioners have heretofore prosecuted and exacted fines from parties violating the laws, and will continue to desewhenever they can find sufficient proof to warrant such prosecution.

Your committee deem it their duty to say that in regard to the charge of dereliction of duty on the part of the Commission made before this Board by his Honor the Mayor, he appears to have been unaware of the action which the Board has taken ever since the abuses in question have been prevalent. Had the laws remained as they stood until lately, your committee do not think any further measures on the part of this Commission could have secured the omigrants against the depredations of the runners, as they were on itiely beyond their control; and your committee must distinctly declare that the inefficiency of the laws was primorally eving to the fact that the complaints of this Commissions of the complaints of this Commission of the complaints of this Commissioners are bound to designate a dock for the landing of emigrants, and the law makes it ooligatory for them to do so. This measure has already received the attention of the Board, and the Mayor of the protection of emigrants before landing. What police force may bereafter be required to protect the emigrant on said dock, will in due time be considered by the Board, and the Commissioners will no doubt be happy to co-operate with his Honor the Mayor in the establishment of better order, and in the maintenance of the law.

Commissioner PURDY moved to lay the report on the table until next week, so that his Honor could be notified to be present. Carried.

The VICK PRISIDENT made a statement with reference was defrauded out of her money, and had given to her hards American coin in lieu of gold. The whole affair is most diagraceful to the parties implicated, and th

.. 23,136 .25,282 1865. 2,894 240 Number in Refuge Hospital, Ward'sIsland. 2,563
"Marine Hospital, Staten Island. 430 Total 2,933 3,134

Balance in bank, January 1 661,192 46

Receipts to April 18 \$81,573 49

Since, to April 25 9,225 06 \$90.798 55 

Total debt of the Commissioners..... \$100,567 06 Court of Oyer and Terminer. Before Hon, Judge E. P. Cowles.

POSTPONEMENT OF TRIALS—SENTENCES. APRIL 25 .- At the sitting of the Court this morning, counsel submitted affidavits of mitigation of punishme on Peter M Lawson, indicted for the murder of John O'Neill, but found guilty of manslaughter in the

Edward Allen, a fad 15 years of age, who pleaded guilt; of manslaughter in the fourth degree, was then address of manelaughter in the fourth degree, was then address; ed by the Judge in some feeling and admonitory remarks as to his future deportment. Under the circumstances of the case, (which had been submitted by Gen. Wright, of New Jersey, the prisoner's counsel,) the Judge permitted Allen to be discharged on his own recognizance to come up when called on, if the Court deemed it necessary to inflict any punishment on him.

The trial of William Scharffenberg, charged with the murder of Helena Meyer, by a dirk knife, was postponed, in consequence of the absence of the prisoner's witnesses, and, by consent, the case was remitted to Sessions, as there will be no other Court of Oyer and Terminer until October next.

Sessions, as there will be no other Court of Oyer and Terminer until October next.

The trial of William Eberle, charged with the murder of John Giffoy by shooting him, was disposed of in like manner. The defence in this case is insanity.

This concluded the business of the Court of Oyer and

attention they had paid during the present discharged them from further attendance.

attention they had paid during the present term and discharged them from further attendance.

SENTENCE ON LAWSON.

The Judge then looked over the affidavits in the case of Lawson, and addressed the presoner, saying that he was indicted for the crime of murder and found guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree, with a recommendation to mercy. Several of the jury had since called on the Court and expressed a doubt with regard to the correctness of the verdict, and they have asked the Court to impose as light a punishment as is consistent with the case. There are reasons to believe that the circumstances were not fairly represented befom the jury by the witnesses. The Court, however, should make its condemnation of the use of dangerous weapons, and, after some few admonitory remarks, sentenced him to imprisonment in the penitentiary for three months.

THE DEY STREET MURDER—THE CASE OF HERKY CARNELL AT LAST DISPOSED OF.

The Propic vs. Henry Carnell—It will be recollected that the prisoner in this case was convicted in March, 1851, of the murder of Charles M. Rousseau, and sentenced to be executed on the 2d of May, 1852. Before that time the Governor respited the execution to cambie the prisoner to avail himself of a bill of exceptions, and the Supreme Court ultimately granted a new trial on the ground that while the jury were consulting, one of them called the officer laving them in charge, and said to him, "Aak the Court to.ses d the jury the statute, or some contenting the law of manslaughter," and that the officer returned with answer, "That the Court said they had nothing to do with manslaughter," and that the officer returned with answer, "That the Court said they had nothing to do with manslaughter," The new trial was thus granted on a legal technicality, and without any reference to the merits of the case, which were of most unmitigated degree of cold blooded and deliberated murder.

The prisoner had been admitted to the house of Rous-

any reference to the merits of the case, which were of a most unmitigated degree of cold blooded and deliberated murder.

The prisoner had been admitted to the house of Ronsseau, a particular friend of his, partly through charity, and in the middle of the night, without any prevention, and induced by mercenary motives alone, he murdered his confiding host while sleeping, and attempted to stab Rousseau's two sons, who lay in another bed. One of the boys, however, on being wounded arose and gave the alarm. Carnell fied and was found in the rearpremises of an adjoining building.

The District Attorney having sixted briefly the particulars of the case, said that the two principal, witnesses (the sons of the deceased) left this city for South America immediately after the first trial, and on a new trial being granted, endeavors had been made to secure their return; between three and four hundred dollars had been expended, and by the last accounts it had been ascertained that one of the witnesses was dead. Under these circumstances, the District Attorney did not think that by the aid of the remaining witnesses, who are in this city, the prosecution would be able to establish against the prisoner a case of more than manslangther in the third degree, and as the prisoner's counsel was willing to withdraw the plas of not guilty and put in a place of guilty of masslaughter in the third degree, he (the District Attorney) consents to that course.

Mr. Clisten made some remarks on behalf of the prisoner, stating that he had already been imprisoned four-years and seven months.

The District Attorney said that the new trial was not grant a new trial, the case was one of a most bleedy murder.

The Court, under the circumstances, accepted the analysis of manslaughter in the third degree, and the court were constrained to grant a new trial, the case was one of a most bleedy.

grant's new trial; murder the circumstances, accepted the place of guilty of manslaughter in the third degree, and then proceeded to sentence the prisoner. He said then proceeded to sentence the prisoner. He said the punishment ranges, in the discretion of the court free two to four years, and he knew no circumstance is to care which would induce him to remit any parties of the penalty, and therefore sentenced the prisoner to feur years imprisonment with hard labor in the prison Mount Pleasant.

The sourt then adjourned sine die.